Research and the NHS Physician

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Research & the jobbing consultant

The Viagra story

The importance of data collection

A personal story

"Men Up"





The Viagra story

- Appointed consultant 1992
- Approached by Pfizer 1993
 - UK 92480 ? Possible new impotence treatment
- Why me?

Background

Impotence

- "The most neglected complication of diabetes" (BMJ 1993)
- Neglected by BDA
- The Masters and Johnson myth
- Physical treatments 1980s
 - Self-injection
 - Vacuum devices

The penny dropped

- Impotence in diabetes has a physical cause and needs a physical treatment
- Taken forward by a few dedicated enthusiasts

UK 92480

- A new potential treatment for IHD developed in Sandwich
- First given to human subjects in Merthyr Tydfil
- Many subjects refused to return their unused tablets
- First trials in patients in Swansea & Bristol

- Two part study
 - 1. Placebo-controlled -"Visual sexual stimulation & rigiscanning"
 - Problems finding suitable location
 - 2. Open use at home with a diary record
- It clearly worked
- The rest is history

Previously the most neglected complication of diabetes

Now

- Massive international publicity
- Only I had data on viagra
- I was set up and determined to do more research

Research and the NHS Physician My personal view

- 75 publications
- 2 books
- 5 book chapters
 - Always a full time NHS consultant

Research for the NHS physician

- Funded interventional research
- Commercial research
- Non-interventional research
 - Cohort studies
 - Cross-sectional studies
 - Case control studies
- The power of the database

Swansea Bay R&D day

- Ipilumabab in advanced melanoma
- Dexamethasone in patients with Covid
- Ocrelizumab vs interferon beta-1-alpha in MS
- Multiple stroke trials
- DXT in carcinoma stomach
- TRACC trial (colorectal cancer)
- Cancer vaccines
- Proton beam therapy

Non-commercial interventional research

 Needs to be done in collaboration with established centre

But

- DGH physician has much to offer
 - Real world patients and experience
 - Knowledge of unmet needs
 - Appreciated by academic centre
 - Funding bodies prefer multi-centre studies
 - Patient database is gold dust
- Wales provides excellent opportunities

Commercial research

- DGH physician unlikely to lead an industry sponsored study
- Good reasons to get involved
 - Industry makes major contributions to research
 - Patients access to new treatments
- Important source of funding
 - For other research & many other activities
- What you have to offer is access to patients
- Clinical research unit essential

Research a DGH physician can do

Especially if you have a database

Why do your own research

- Fun and rewarding, really get to know a particular subject
- Take forward your own ideas
- Build links
 - Other professions
- Provide experience to trainees
- Maybe, change practice & improve patient care

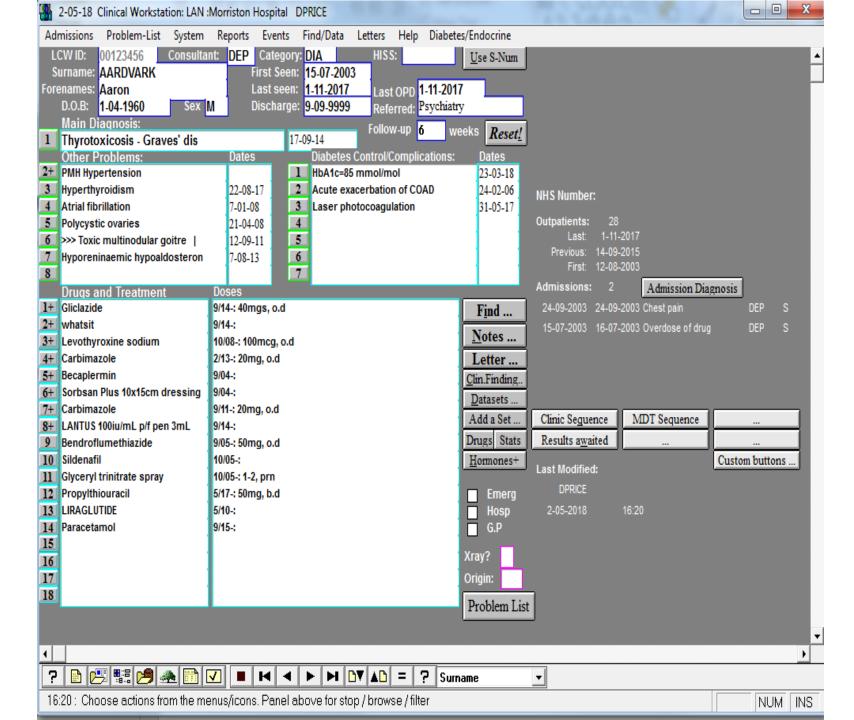
Example of the power of routinely collected data

- Growth of children before onset of diabetes.
 Price 1992
- Leicestershire diabetes register
 - All type 1 diabetic children
- Leicestershire School Health records
 - Heights measured at 3.5, 6, 11, 13 years

 Diabetic children were significantly taller than controls for up to 3 years before diagnosis

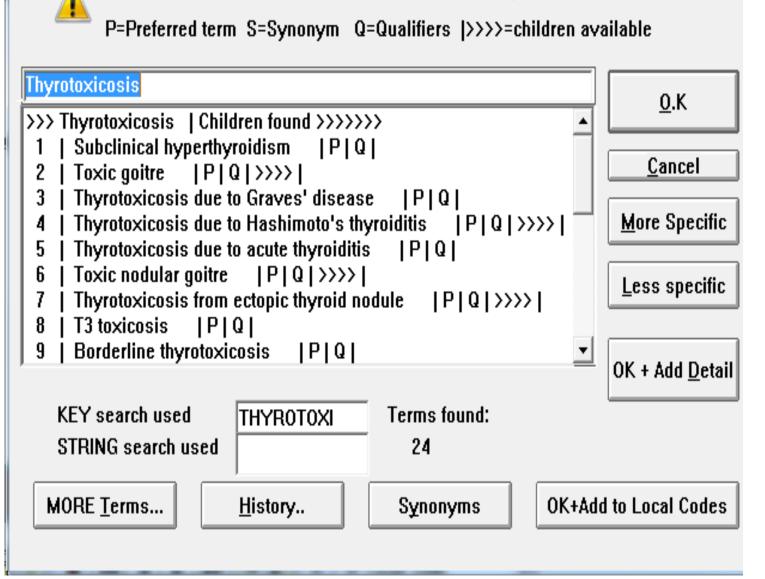
The power of the database

Leicester Clinical Workstation



Leicester Clinical Workstation: Term selection v3.1

TERM VALIDATION/CODING - Please select the term you want from the list



		<u>E</u> xit	Save (+ Exit)
er: Date of Record	2/05/2018		
	(stored elsewhere in LCW)	NEW ADDITIONS	Add new result/date here
laemoglobulin A1c		New HbA1c > % <:	
Latest HbA1c:	53 mmol/mol	HbA1c > mmol/mol <:	
Date:	27/03/2018	New Date:	
Other Biochemistry			
Latest Cholesterol:	6.2mmol/l	New Cholesterol	
Date:	27/03/2018	New Date:	
Latest HDL:	1.6mmol/l	New HDL Cholesterol	
Date:	27/03/2018	New Date:	
Latest LDL:	3.6mmol/l	New LDL Cholesterol	
Date:	27/03/2018	New Date:	
Latest Triglyceride	2.2mmol/l	New Triglyceride	
Date:	27/03/2018	New Date:	
Latest Creatinine	89umol/l	New Creatinine	
Date:	27/03/2018	New Date:	
Latest A:C Ratio:	1.2	New Alb:Creat Ratio	
Date:	27/03/2018	New Date:	
Latest eGFR	79.0	New eGFR	
Date:	27/03/2018	New Date:	
Latest Glucose	9.8	New Glucose	
Date:	27/03/2018	New Date:	

Leicester Clinical Workstation: Height, Weight, BMI, BP, Waist						
Weight (kg): 80.4	Date of New Measurements:	2/05/2018				
Height (m): 1.700	Waist Circumference (cm):					
on 9-04-2018 : BMI = 27.8 kg/m2						
Blood pressure: 123/74 on 9-04-2018	Single BP reading24h Ambulatory BP					
☐ Enter full	blood pressure details	0.4				
☐ Always us	se ambulatory 24hr BP	<u>0</u> .K				

Leicester Clinical Worksta	tion: Diabetes Foot	Screening Review: Da	ate of Foot Review: 20/12/	2016	
	Earlier >>>	! New <u>S</u> et !	<u>E</u> xit	Save (+ Review)	
User: DE003682 Examination Findings	RIGHT FOOT		Examination Findings	LEFT FOOT	
R Dorsal Pedis	Present	○ Absent	L Dorsal Pedis	O Present	O Absent
R DP on Doppler	3 - Monophasic		L DP on Doppler		▼
R Posterior Tibial	Present	○ Absent	L Posterior Tibial	O Present	O Absent
R PT on Doppler	4 - Biphasic	-	L PT on Doppler		
R Pulse Character	Bounding		L Pulse Character		
R Vibration Sense	O Present	Absent	L Vibration Sense	O Present	O Absent
R Pinprick	O Present	○ Absent	L Pinprick	O Present	○ Absent
R Monofilament	Present	O Absent	L Monofilament	O Present	○ Absent
R Ankle Jerk	O Present	○ Absent	L Ankle Jerk	O Present	○ Absent
Examination Detail					
Podiatry Ref Requ	O Yes	No No	Podiatry Ref Made	O Yes	No
Advice Leaflet Given	Yes	○ No	Ref Made by		V
			Date of Referral		
Referred for Toe pressures					
Referred to Vascular consultant					
Referred to 🗌 Orthopaedic consultant					
1					

Leicester Clinical Workstation: Diabetes Eye Screening Review: Date of Eye Review: 10/04/2018					
	Earlier >>> ! New Set!	<u>E</u> xit	Save (+ Review)		
User: GENDIAB Date of Eye Review	10/04/2018	Clinician	Patient info DRSSW March 2018		
		Visit Context	Retinopathy Screening 🔻		
Summary findings	Background diabet retinopathy	▼			
Screening outcome	01 Non-referable re	etinopathy			
Laser treatment	for diabetic retinopathy	First Laser Date			
Recommendations for	Review or Referral				
Default Recommend		00 Routine review			
Actual Recommend	00 Routine review	_			
Under care	of Ophthalmologist	Last ophth review			
Proposed Review Dt	9/04/2019				
Eyes Dilated?	○ Yes ○ No	Eye Drops Time	▼		
Detailed findings	RIGHT EYE	Detailed findings	LEFT EYE		
R Acuity (unaided)	▼	L Acuity (unaided)	▼		
R Acuity (corr)	▼	L Acuity (corr)	▼		
R Fundus	▼	L Fundus	Background diabet retinopathy 🔻		
R Other Finding 1	▼	L Other Finding 1	▼		
R Other Finding 2	▼	L Other Finding 2	▼		
R Other Finding 3	▼	L Other Finding 3			
R Other Finding 4	_	L Other Finding 4			
R Other Finding 5	▼	L Other Finding 5			
VA correction?	○ Glasses ○ Pinhole	○ None			
Blind Registration	O None O Partial	O Blind			
View Series Export Summary					

DIAGNOSES: Type 1 diabetes mellitus 01-10-1999

Cholecystectomy 01-12-2003 Pancreatitis 01-10-1999

Hypertension Obesity

Pancreatectomy 01-01-1999 Carbohydrate counting course 11-04-2017

Medication:

Atenolol 25 mg

Nutrizym GR

 Bendroflumethiazide
 8/06-: 2.5, o.d

 Aspirin
 8/06-: 75mg, o.d

 Lansoprazole
 3/07-: 15mg

 Perindopril
 3/07-: 4mg

 LANTUS 100iu/ml, p/f pen 3mL
 68 units, o.d

HUMALOG KWIKPEN 3mL 1unit/5g CHO, AM/Noon/PM

Fluoxetine 9/15-: 50 mg, o.d. Atorvastatin 20 mg, o.d.

Relevant Diabetes Results:

BP	Weight	BMI	Smoking Status	Alb:Cr	Glucose	HbA1c
137/90	112.0kgs	33.1	Never smoked	0.8	10.9	68 mmol/mol
11/04/2017	11/04/2017	11/04/2017	11/04/2017	06/04/2017	06/04/2017	06/04/2017
Cholesterol	HDL	LDL	TG	Serum Creatinine	eGFR	
5.1	1.00	3.3	1.8	101	65	
06/04/2017	06/04/2017	06/04/2017	06/04/2017	06/04/2017	06/04/2017	

Last Examination date: 02/12/2016 Reviewed by: Retinopathy Screening

#

Summary:				
Diabetic Retinopathy Status Background diabet retinopathy				
Under Ophthalmologist	No Last Seen			
Laser Treatment:	No First Date			
Blindness Registration:				
Eyes Dilated?	-			
Visual Acuity Right	6/6			
Visual Acuity Left	6/6			

Foot Review: 14/11/2016 by Rhian Ham Context: Annual Review

TOOLITOTION THITIZOTO BY IN	TOTAL TRAIT	Contoxti / iiii dai ito iio ii	
Summary: 01 Increased risk (no	europathy or	Surgical Footwear: No	Type: Footwear adequate
absent pulses or other risk fact	tor)		
Detailed Findings:	RIGHT	Detailed Findings:	LEFT
Dorsalis Pedis:	Present	Dorsalis Pedis:	Present
Dorsalis Pedis on Doppler:	4 -	Dorsalis Pedis on Doppler:	4 - Biphasic
Biphasic			
Posterior Tibial:	Present	Posterior Tibial:	Present
Posterior Tibial on Doppler:	4 -	Posterior Tibial on Doppler:	4 - Biphasic
Biphasic			
Vibration Sense:	Present	Vibration Sense:	Present
Monofilament:	Present	Monofilament:	Present

Data held on database

- Diagnoses and medication
- BP & foot data
- Retinal screening
- Biochemical data

Power of a database (with coded information)

- Audit and research
- Identifying patients
 - Commercial research
 - If drug withdrawn

Examples

Thomas R (2010)

Foot ulceration in a secondary care diabetic clinic population: A 4-year prospective study.

Cohort 586 patients

Foot ulceration

- 0.17% in the low-risk
- 3.3% in increased-risk
- 11.9% in high-risk

- Reduce frequency of surveillance low risk patients
- Podiatrists were involved
- They got something back from all the data they entered

- Brooks et al 2009.
 - Are blood pressure levels taken during a secondary care diabetic clinic likely to be higher than when measured in primary care?
 - Comparing with SAIL data
 - Paired within person comparison
- BP consistently higher in hospital clinics

- Hayes 2018
- Is social deprivation associated with lower limb amputation secondary to diabetic foot disease?
- Prospective study
- Calculated social class from post code
- Social deprivation doubled risk

Examples

- The causes of hypopituitarism in the absence of abnormal pituitary imaging.
- Wilson et al QJM 2014
- If the pituitary appears normal think of haemochromatosis and sarcoidosis

- As important
 - A F1 doctor involved in research
 - Presented the results
 - Wrote and submitted a paper
 - A line on her cv

 Audit of long-term treatment outcomes of thyrotoxicosis in a single-centre virtual clinic:
 The utility of long-term antithyroid drugs

 M. J. Levy, N. Reddy, D. Price, R. Bhake, E. Bremner, M. Barrowcliffe, et al.

Clin Endocrinol (Oxf) 2022

- > 5000 patients
- Up to 15 years follow up
- Long term antithyroid drugs as effective as I131 or surgery
- No serious side effects

Summary

NHS physician can undertake research in various forms

- Major funded interventional research
 - In collaboration with major centres
 - Can make important contribution
 - Wales well place to develop groupings

- Commercial (pharmaceutical funded) research
- DGHs can make important contribution
- Crucial for raising funding for other research
 - Research unit with qualified staff essential
- Database hugely helpful

Finally

(and most importantly in my view)

- Physician-lead research
 - Take forward your ideas
 - Must acknowledge limitations
- Patient data essential

- Interrogatable database a very powerful tool
 - Primary care ahead of hospitals
- Coded data infinitely more powerful
 - Invaluable for researching specific outcomes, complications, treatments
- Data entered by clinicians best
 - Should be benefit for them
- Big top-down IT systems must take this on boad

Why do research?

- Fun & rewarding
 - Really get to know your subject
- Changes going to scientific meetings
- Provides experience for trainees
- Builds links
 - Other units
 - Other professions
 - (and they can do most of the legwork)

GDPR issues

Why do research?

 Sometimes produces results which change practice and may be of benefit to patient

And

 If you are very lucky you might get a TV movie made about you